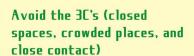
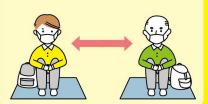
Watch out for COVID-19!

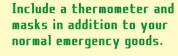
As a rule, people must evacuate out of harm's way during disasters.





Consider evacuating to a relative's or friend's house to avoid crowded spaces.









Wash hands frequently and practice good coughing manners.



If you feel unwell, let someone know immediately.



Kagawa provides tools to help residents evacuate.

Kagawa Prefecture Disaster Recovery Information (app) (Kagawa Bosai Navi)

- Main app functions
- Receive push notifications if in a disaster risk area
- 2 View hazard maps and evacuation shelter locations
- 3 Find routes to nearest evacuation shelter
- 4 Check safety of registered family members or others
- How to download Scan the QR code on the right to install the application
- User guide (Japanese only) Download from the Kagawa Prefecture website.









Non-smartphone users /

Disaster preparedness emails (Japanese only)

Receive weather and evacuation information by email on cellphones or other devices.

♣ How to register

Scan the QR code on the right or send a blank email to ml@bousai-kagawa.jp, then register.









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How you evacuate and protect yourself varies by situation and disaster type. Remember that YOU are responsible for protecting yourself. Pay attention to disaster information. You must make the decision to evacuate on your own, before disaster strikes.

How to evacuate and protect yourself



Know the disaster risks and evacuation shelters in your area. Know the different types of weather and evacuation information and their meanings



Have disaster preparedness information on hand. Plan evacuation procedures to take based on that information.



Decide on family rules in case of a disaster (for example, evacuation shelters or methods of contact).

In order to evacuate properly, learn the disaster risks for your area by using hazard maps. Let's stay prepared!

Hazard maps show areas with potential disaster risks



Landslides & Mountain

Debris flow, mudslide, or cliff collapse risk areas.

Landslide Risk Map

Hillside collapse, debris flow, or other disaster risk areas.

Mountain Disaster Risk Map



Floods

Flood risk areas and water height predictions for river overflows or storm surges.

Flood and Inundation Risk Map

Storm Surge Risk Map



Earthquakes

Seismic intensity predictions for Nankai Trough or other earthquakes.

Seismic Intensity Risk Map

Soil liquefaction risk areas.

Soil Liquefaction Risk Map



Isunamis

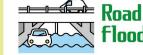
Flood risk areas and water height predictions for a tsunami caused by a Nankai Trough earthquake.

Tsunami Risk Map



Flood risk areas and water height predictions for levee breaks caused by earthquakes or other events.

Reservoir Hazard Map



flooding

Sections of road that are below ground level when passing beneath other roads or railroads.

Road Underpass Map

Where to find a hazard map (disaster preparedness map)

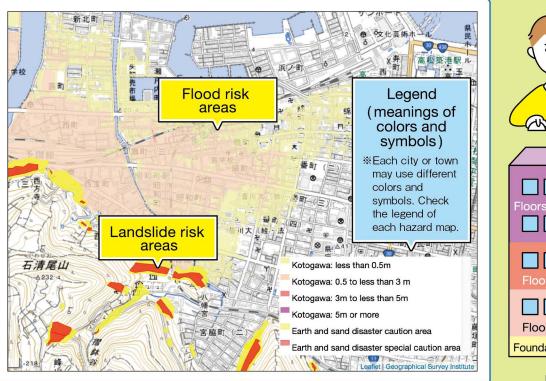


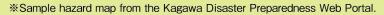


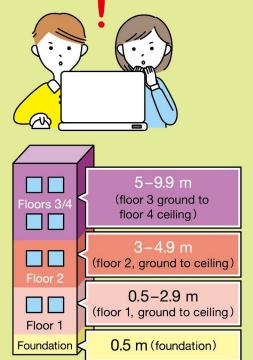




Reading a hazard map







Estimated water height

Hazard Maps and the 2018 Japan Floods Mabi-cho, Kurashiki City

Most damage from the 2018 floods occurred in areas previously announced to have a high disaster risk.

Flooded areas in the Mabi area of Kurashiki City (Okayama) matched flood risk areas from the hazard map almost perfectly.

However, though many people were aware of hazard maps, few understood the information sufficiently. Some residents may not have evacuated as a result.



Using a hazard map

Plan your evacuation in the event of a typhoon or heavy rain. (Source: "Evacuation Decision Flowchart," Cabinet Office)

Confirm where your house is on the hazard map and mark it.



Is your house in a colored area such as a flood risk area?



There is a disaster risk. As a rule*, leave your house when evacuating.



Will you or your fellow evacuees require a long time to evacuate?



At warning level 3, evacuate with friends or neighbors to:

- Emergency evacuation shelters established by the town or city
- A safer place, such as a relative's or acquaintance's house.

Warning level 3: evacuation preparation / start of evacuation for elderly, etc.

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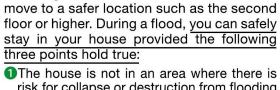
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If moving to an evacuation shelter is difficult,

If your house is lower than the surrounding

elevation or is near a hillside, there is a disaster

risk—even if you are not in a colored area. Use evacuation information from your city or town

to evacuate as necessary.

- risk for collapse or destruction from flooding.

 Rooms are higher than the predicted
- 2Rooms are higher than the predicted water height.
- 3You have enough water, food, and other provisions.



At warning level 4, quickly evacuate to:

- Designated emergency evacuation shelters established by the city or town
- · A safer place, such as a relative's or acquaintance's house

Warning level 4: evacuation advisory / evacuation instruction (emergency)

Points for evacuating properly:

▶ Evacuation means leaving a place of danger.

If you can guarantee your safety in your own home, there is no need to put yourself in danger by moving to an evacuation shelter.

You can evacuate to places other than elementary schools, middle schools, or public facilities.

Consider evacuating to a safe place such as a relative's or acquaintance's house.

Walk your evacuation route to confirm it.

Note any dangerous spots or alternative routes.

