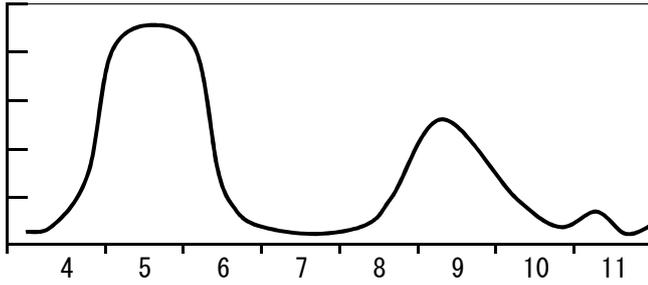


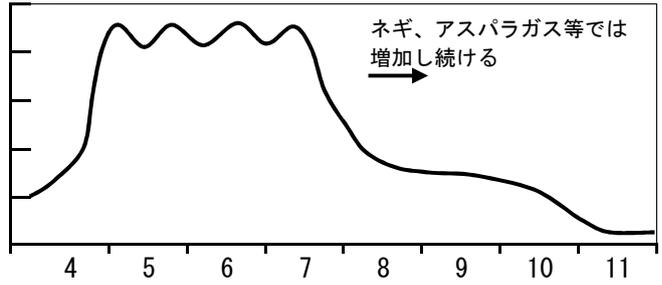
(1) 病害虫の発生パターン (発生には年次変動があるので必ず状況を確認すること)

害虫の発生パターン (成虫の飛来消長。幼虫の発生とはズレがある)

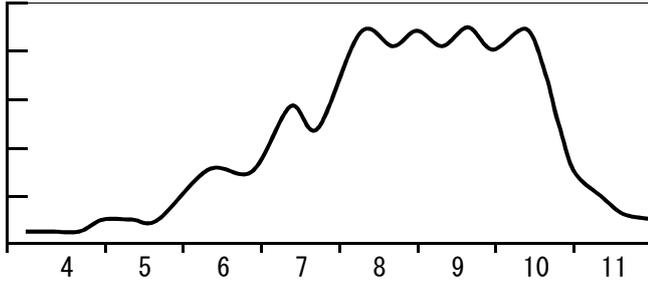
アブラムシ類



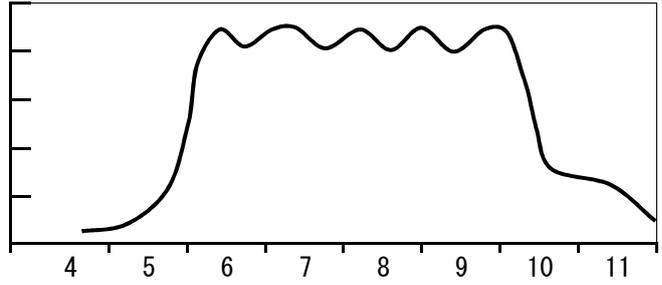
ネギアザミウマ



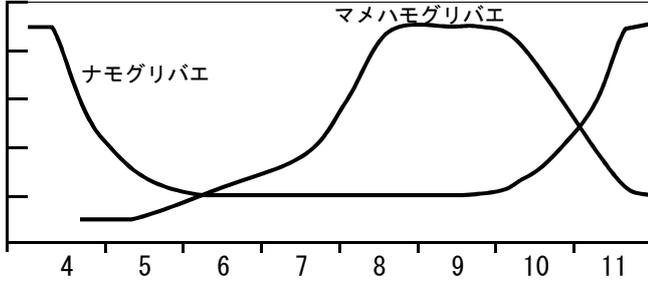
ミナミキイロアザミウマ



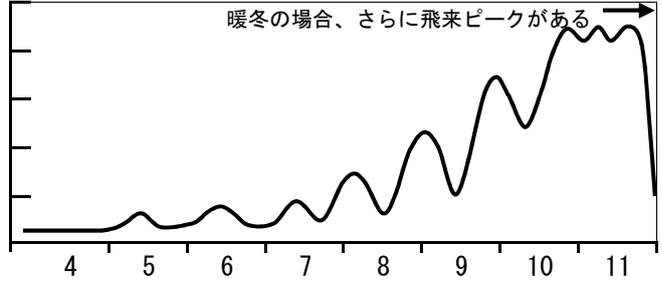
ヒラズハナアザミウマ



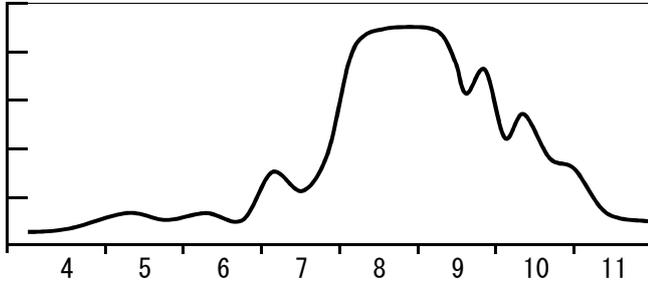
ハモグリバエ類



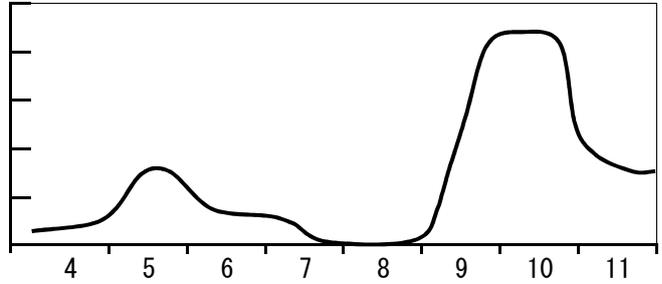
ハスモンヨトウ



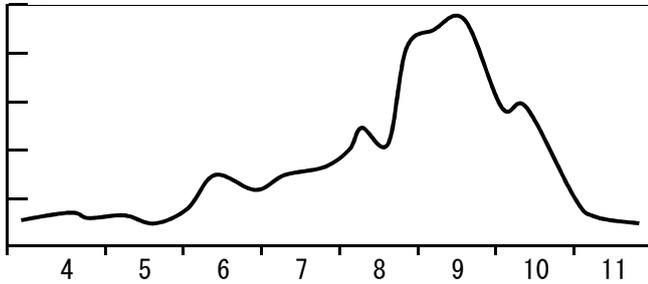
シロイチモジヨトウ



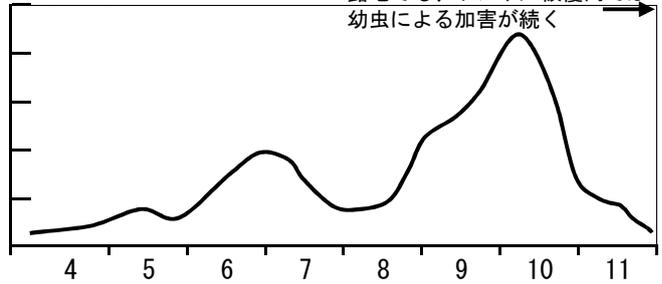
ヨトウガ (ヨトウムシ)



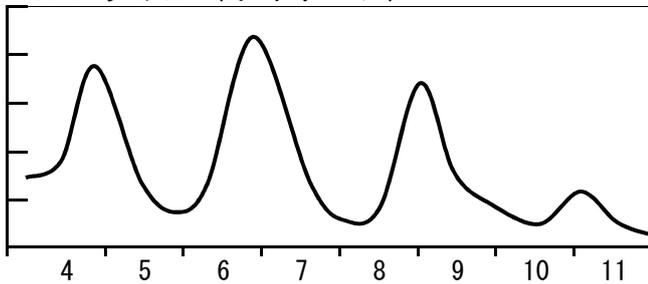
タバコガ



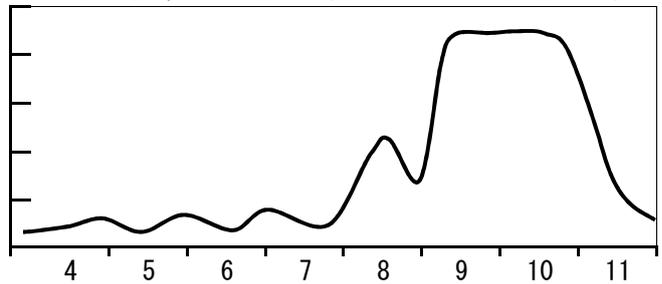
オオタバコガ



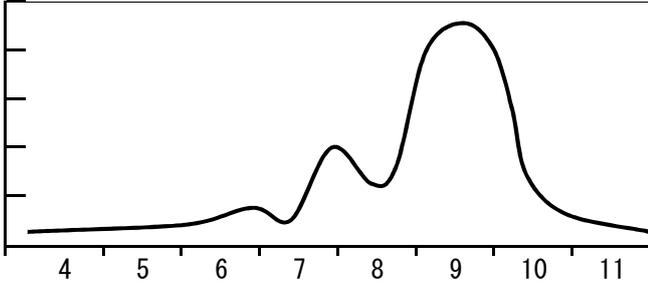
カブラヤガ (ネキリムシ)



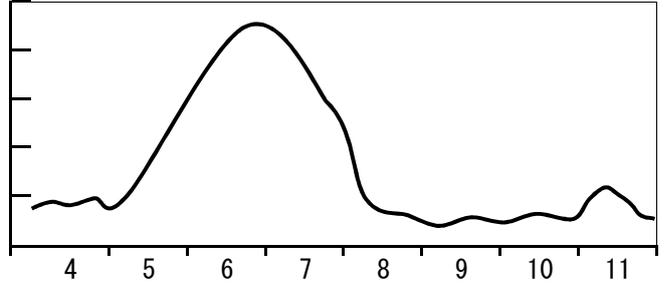
ハイマダラノメイガ (ダイコンシンクイムシ)



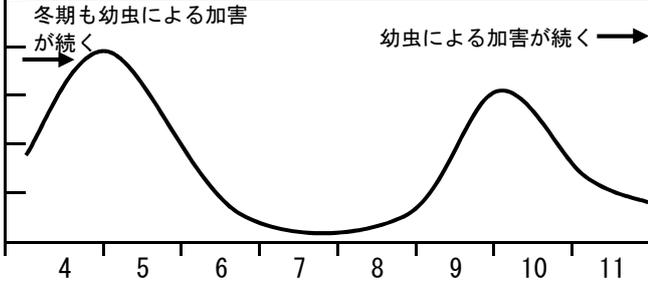
ワタヘリクロノメイガ (ウリノメイガ)



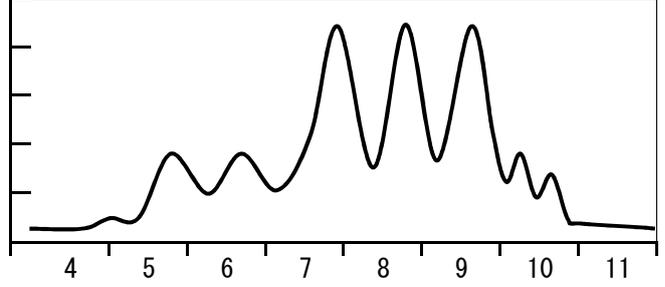
コナガ



モンシロチョウ (アオムシ)

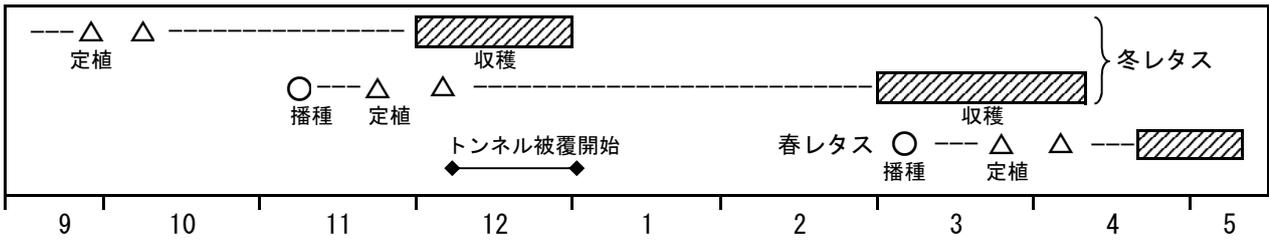


ヒメフタテンヨコバイ

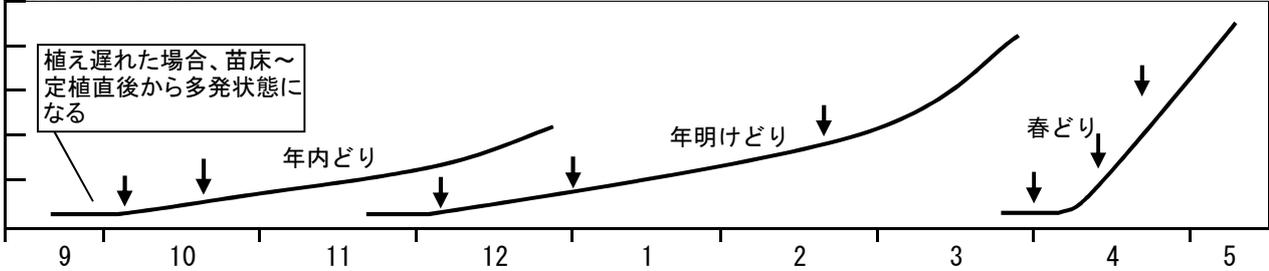


病害の発生増加パターンと重点防除時期 (発生量の増加しやすさを表した)

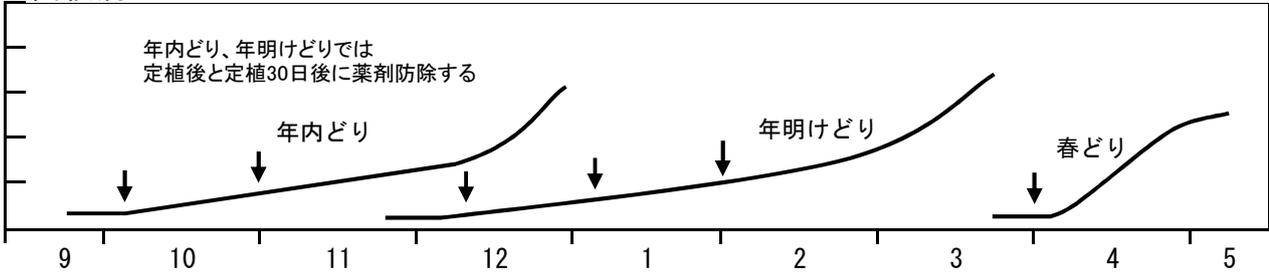
レタスの病害



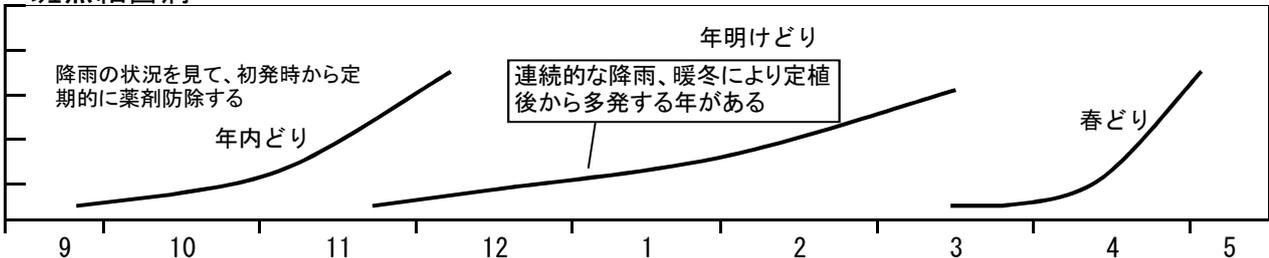
灰色かび病



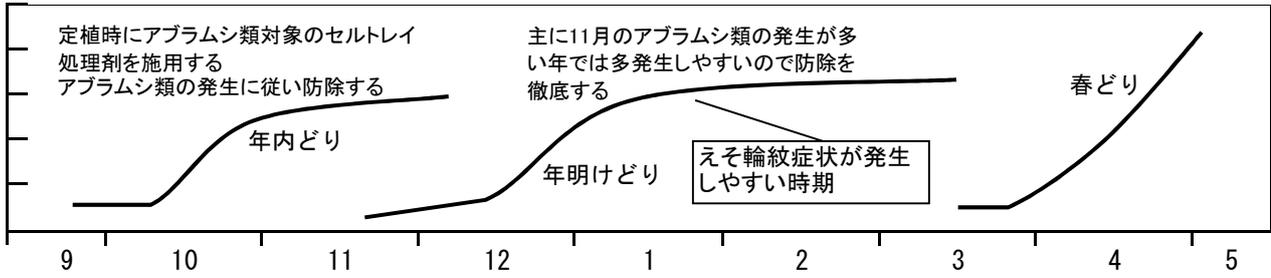
菌核病



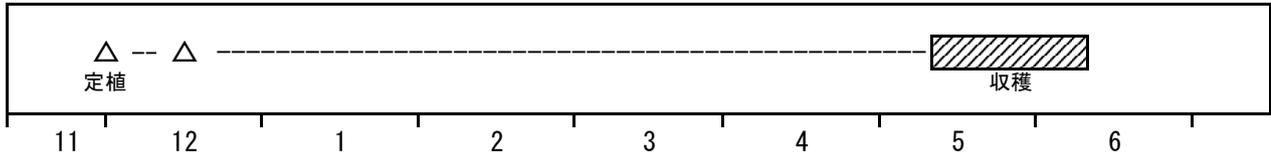
斑点細菌病



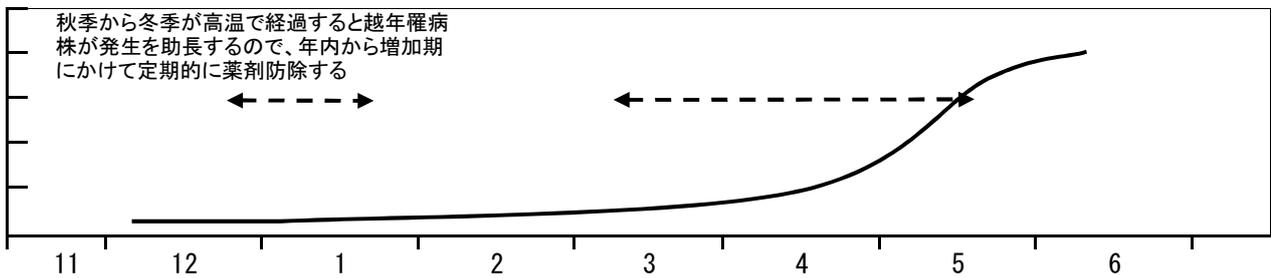
モザイク病（えそ輪紋症状）



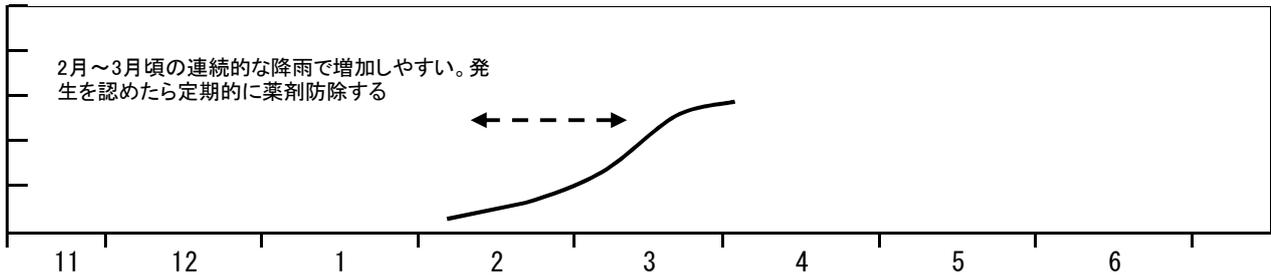
タマネギの病害（普通栽培）



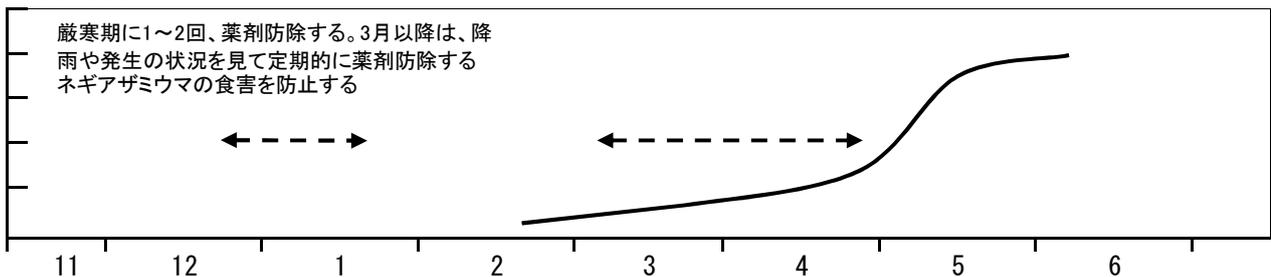
べと病



白色疫病



腐敗病



ネギアザミウマ

